

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET This Safety Data Sheet complies with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, 1272/2008, ISO 11014-1 and ANSI Z400.1 OK AristoRod 12.50

Issued: 2017-09-14

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name OK AristoRod 12.50

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use Arc Welding

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier ESAB DENTON

Street address 2800 Airport Road Denton, TX 76207

Telephone 1-800-372-2123

Email sds.esab@esab.se

Web site www.esab.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency phone number 1-800-372-2123

Available outside office hours No

Other

Classification(s): EN ISO 14341-A: G 3Si1 SFA/AWS A5.18: ER70S-6

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is not classified

2.2. Label elements

The product do not require labeling

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Skin contact is normally no hazard but should be avoided to prevent possible allergic reactions.

Persons with a pacemaker should not go near welding or cutting operations until they have consulted their doctor and obtained information from the manufacturer of the device.

When this product is used in a welding process, the most important hazards are welding fumes, heat, radiation and electric shock. Fumes: Overexposure to welding fumes may result in symptoms like metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, dryness or irritation of the nose, throat or eyes. Chronic overexposure to welding fumes may affect pulmonary function. Prolonged inhalation of chromium compounds above safe exposure limits can cause cancer. Overexposure to manganese and manganese compounds above safe exposure limits can cause irreversible damage to the central nervous system, including the brain, symptoms of which may include slurred speech, lethargy, tremor, muscular weakness, disturbances and spastic gait.

Heat: Spatter and melting metal can cause burn injuries and start fires.



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Radiation: Arc rays can severely damage eyes or skin. Electricity: Electric shock can kill.

#### Other

Emergency Overview: Metal wire or rods in varying colours. This product is normally not considered hazardous as shipped. Gloves should be worn when handling to prevent cuts and abrasions.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS No. EC No. REACH No.	Concentration	Classification	R-phrase H-phrase
Iron	7439-89-6 231-096-4 01-2119462838 - 24	96 - 98%	-	-
Manganese	7439-96-5 231-105-1 01-2119449803 - 34	1 - 2%	-	-
Chromium	7440-47-3 231-157-5 -	<1%	-	-
Silicon	7440-21-3 231-130-8 -	<1%	-	-

Product based on This product is a continuous solid metal wire.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Electric shock: Disconnect and turn off the power. Use a nonconductive material to pull victim away from contact with live parts or wires. If not breathing, begin artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If no detectable pulse, begin Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR). call emergency physician to the scene of the accident. Call a physician immediately.

- InhalationIf breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical assistance immediately! If<br/>breathing is difficult, provide fresh air and call physician.Skin contactFor skin burns from arc radiation, promptly flush with cold water. Get medical attention for burns or<br/>irritations that persist. To remove dust or particles wash with mild soap and water.Eye contactFor radiation burns due to arc flash, see physician. To remove dusts or fumes flush with water for<br/>at least fifteen minutes. If irritation persists, obtain medical assistance.
- 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Not applicable

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Not applicable



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### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	No specific recommendations for welding consumables. Welding arcs and sparks can ignite
	combustible and flammable materials. Use the extinguishing media recommended for the burning
	materials and fire situation.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Not applicable

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Wear self-contained breathing apparatus as fumes or vapors may be harmful.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Refer to section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Refer to section 13.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Solid objects may be picked up and placed into a container. Liquids or pastes should be scooped up and placed into a container. Wear proper protective equipment while handling these materials. Do not discard as refuse.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 8/13

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Preventive handling precautions Handle with care to avoid stings and cuts. Wear gloves when handling welding consumables. Avoid exposure to dust. Do not ingest. Some individuals can develop an allergic reaction to certain materials. Retain all warning and identity labels.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep separate from chemical substances like acids and strong bases, which could cause chemical reactions.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Arc Welding

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection



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#### 8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits	Use industrial hygiene monitoring equipment to ensure that exposure does not exceed applicable
	national exposure limits. The following limits can be used as guidance. Unless noted, all values are
	for 8 hour time weighted averages (TWA). For information about welding fume analysis refer to
	Section 10.
	UK. Workplace Exposure Limits, mg/m3

UK,	workplace	Exposure	Limits,	mg/m3	

National occupational exposure limits	Ingredient	CAS no.	EC No.	Exposi e limit mg/m3 ppm		Shor m ex ure li mg/n ppm	pos imit n3-	Ceilii xpos limit mg/n ppm	ure n3-	Remark	Source	Year
	Chromium	7440-4 7-3	231-1 57-5	1	-	-	-	-	-	Metal	OSHA	2016
	Chromium	7440-4 7-3	231-1 57-5	0,5	-	-	-	-	-	as Cr(Cr(II) a nd Cr(III) inor ganic compd s)	OSHA	2016
	Chromium	7440-4 7-3	231-1 57-5	0,005	-	-	-	-	-	as Cr(VI)(wat er sol. and in sol. inorgani c compds)	OSHA	2016
	Iron	7439-8 9-6	231-0 96-4	-	-	-	-	-	-	No PEL	OSHA	2016
	Manganese	7439-9 6-5	231-1 05-1	-	-	-	-	5	-	as Mn (meta I and fume)	OSHA	2016
	Silicon	7440-2 1-3	231-1 30-8	15	-	-	-	-	-	Total dust	OSHA	2016
	Silicon	7440-2 1-3	231-1 30-8	5	-	-	-	-	-	Respirable fr action	OSHA	2016

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Not applicable

#### Other

Avoid exposure to welding fumes, radiation, spatter, electric shock, heated materials and dust. Train welders to avoid contact with live electrical parts and insulate conductive parts.

Ventilation	Use respirator or air supplied respirator when welding or brazing in a confined space, or where local exhaust or ventilation is not sufficient to keep exposure values within safe limits. Use special care when welding painted or coated steels since hazardous substances from the coating may be emitted. Ensure sufficient ventilation, local exhaust, or both, to keep welding fumes and gases from breathing zone and general area.
Personal protective equipment	Wear hand, head, eyes, ear and body protection like welders gloves, helmet or face shield with filter lens, safety boots, apron, arm and shoulder protection. Keep protective clothing clean and dry. The product as supplied should be handled in gloves to minimize the potential for abrasions or superficial injury to skin arising from the characteristics of the solid product. Suitable gloves for physical hazard protection would include leather gloves, cut-resistant gloves and coated fabric gloves. Anyone with an existing or suspected sensitivity to one of the ingredients, such as nickel when present, should use an impermeable glove such as nitrile, butyl rubber or other barrier



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material. We do not recommend latex gloves due to their potential to elicit sensitivity or allergic response in some individuals. Barrier gloves can be worn under durable gloves to protect the barrier gloves from potential damage.Gloves specifically designed for welding protection must be used when the product is used in a welding, cutting or gouging activity.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Appearance	Solid, non-volatile with varying color.
Appearance, colour	Not applicable
Appearance, physical state	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Explosive properties	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Flash point	Not applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not applicable
Melting point	>1000°C / >1800°F
Melting point / freezing point	Not applicable
Odour	Not applicable
Odour treshold	Not applicable
Oxidising properties	Not applicable
Partition coefficient: n- octanol / water	Not applicable
pH value	Not applicable
Relative density	Not applicable
Solubility	Not applicable
Upper / lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable
Vapour density	Not applicable
Vapour pressure	Not applicable
Viscosity	Not applicable



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Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability a	and reactivity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	Contact with chemical substances like acids or strong bases could cause generation of gas.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Chemical stability	Stable at normal conditions
10.3. Possibility of hazardous rea	actions
	Not applicable
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	This product is only intended for normal welding purposes.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
	Not applicable
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	products
Hazardous decomposition	When this product is used in a welding process, hazardous decomposition products would include

Hazardous decomposition	When this product is used in a welding process, hazardous decomposition products would include
products	those from the volatilization, reaction or oxidation of the materials listed in section 3 and those from
•	the base metal and coating.
	The amount of fumes generated from this product varies with welding parameters and dimensions,
	but is generally no more than 5 to 10 g/kg consumable.
	Fumes from this product contain compounds of the following chemical elements. The rest is not
	analysed, according to available standards.
	Fume analysis in weight %:
	Fe <65
	Mn <5
	Cr <0.1
	Pb <0.1
	Cu <0.5
	Ni <0.1
	Si <5

#### Other

Refer to applicable national exposure limits for fume compounds, including those exposure limits for fume compounds found in Section 8.

A significant amount of the chromium in the fumes can be hexavalent chromium, which has a very low exposure limit in some countries. Manganese has a low exposure limit, in some countries, that may be easily exceeded.

Reasonably expected gaseous products would include carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides and ozone. Air contaminants around the welding area can be affected by the welding process and influence the composition and quantity of fumes and gases produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**



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Information on toxicological effects	Inhalation of welding fumes and gases can be dangerous to your health. Classification of welding fumes is difficult because of varying base materials, coatings, air contamination and processes. The International Agency for Research on Cancer has classified welding fumes as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B).
acute toxicity	Acute toxicity: Overexposure to welding fumes may result in symptoms like metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, dryness or irritation of the nose, throat or eyes.
skin corrosion/irritation	Not applicable
serious eye damage/irritation	Not applicable
Respiratory/skin sensitization	Not applicable
germ cell mutagenicity	Not applicable
Genotoxicity	Not applicable
carcinogenicity	Not applicable
reproductive toxicity	Not applicable
STOT-single exposure	Not applicable
STOT-repeated exposure	Not applicable
Aspiration hazard	Not applicable

Other

Long term effect Chronic toxicity: Overexposure to welding fumes may affect pulmonary function. Prolonged inhalation of chromium compounds above safe exposure limits can cause cancer. Overexposure to manganese and manganese compounds above safe exposure limits can cause irreversible damage to the central nervous system, including the brain, symptoms of which may include slurred speech, lethargy, tremor, muscular weakness, disturbances and spastic gait.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1. Toxicity

Not applicable

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Not applicable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not applicable

12.4. Mobility in soil

Not applicable

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not applicable



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Not applicable

#### Other

Welding consumables and materials could degrade/weather into components originating from the consumables or from the materials used in the welding process. Avoid exposure to conditions that could lead to accumulation in soils or groundwater.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal considerations	Discard any product, residue, disposable container or liner in an environmentally acceptable
·	manner, in full compliance with federal and local regulations. Use recycling procedures if available.
	USA RCRA: Unused products or product residue containing chromium is considered hazardous
	waste if discarded, RCRA ID Characteristic Toxic Hazardous Waste D007.
	Residues from welding consumables and processes could degrade and accumulate in soils and
	groundwater.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number

Not applicable
14.2. UN proper shipping name
Not applicable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
Not applicable
14.4. Packing group
Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards
Not applicable
14.6. Special precautions for user
Not applicable
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Other regulations, limitations and legal regulations Canada: WHMIS classification: Class D; Division 2, Subdivision A Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA): All constituents of this product are on the Domestic Substance List (DSL). USA: Under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, this product is considered hazardous.



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USA: This product contains or produces a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm). (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 et seq.)
United States EPA Toxic Substance Control Act: All constituents of this product are on the TSCA inventory list or are excluded from listing.
CERCLA/SARA Title III Reportable Quantities (RQs) and/or Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs): Product is a solid solution in the form of a solid article.
- Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.
Section 311 Hazard Class As shipped: Immediate; In use: Immediate delayed
The following metallic components are listed as SARA 313 "Toxic Chemicals" and potential subject to annual SARA 313 reporting. See Section 3 for weight percent. Chromium 1.0% de minimis concentration Manganese 1.0% de minimis concentration

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment No

Other

Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, your employer's safety practices and the health and safety instructions on the label. Observe any federal and local regulations. Take precautions when welding and protect yourself and others. WARNING: Welding fumes and gases are hazardous to your health and may damage lungs and other organs. Use adequate ventilation. ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill. ARC RAYS and SPARKS can injure eyes and burn skin. Wear correct hand, head, eye and body protection.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Changes to previous revision	This Safety Data Sheet has been revised due to modifications to Sections 1-16.
References to key literature and data sources	Refer to ESAB "Welding & Cutting - Risks and Measures", F52-529 "Precautions and Safe Practices for Electric Welding and Cutting" and F2035 "Precautions and Safe Practices for Gas Welding, Cutting and Heating" available from ESAB, and to:
	USA: Contact ESAB at www.esabna.com or 1-800 ESAB-123 if you have any questions about this SDS.
	American National Standard Z49.1 "Safety in Welding and Cutting", ANSI/AWS F1.5 "Methods for Sampling and Analyzing Gases from Welding and Allied Processes", ANSI/AWS F1.1 "Method for Sampling Airborne Particles Generated by Welding and Allied Processes", AWSF3.2M/F3.2 "Ventilation Guide for Weld Fume", American Welding Society, 550 North Le Jeune Road, Miami Florida 33135. Safety and Health Fact Sheets available from AWS at www.aws.org.
	OSHA Publication 2206 (29 C.F.R. 1910), U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954
	American Conference of Governmental Hygienists (ACGIH), Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices, 6500 Glenway Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio 45211, USA.
	NFPA 51B "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work" published by the National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02169.
	UK: WMA Publication 236 and 237, "Hazards from Welding Fume", "The arc welder at work, some



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	general aspects of health and safety".
	Germany: Unfallverhütungsvorschrift BGV D1, "Schweißen, Schneiden und verwandte Verfahren".
	Canada: CSA Standard CAN/CSA-W117.2-01 "Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes". This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the CPR.
Other	
Additional informatio	<ul> <li>ESAB requests the users of this product to study this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and become aware of product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product a user should:         <ul> <li>-notify its employees, agents and contractors of the information on this SDS and any product hazards/safety information.</li> <li>-furnish this same information to each of its customers for this product.</li> <li>-request such customers to notify employees and customers for the same product hazards and safety information.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The information herein is given in good faith and based on technical data that ESAB believes to be reliable. Since the conditions of use is outside our control, we assume no liability in connection with any use of this information and no warranty, expressed or implied is given. Contact ESAB for more information.</li> </ul>